1 2 3 4 5 6 7	C. D. Michel – SBN 144258 cmichel@michellawyers.com Sean A. Brady – SBN 262007 sbrady@michellawyers.com Matthew D. Cubeiro – SBN 291519 mcubeiro@michellawyers.com MICHEL & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 180 East Ocean Boulevard, Suite 200 Long Beach, CA 90802 Telephone: 562-216-4444 Facsimile: 562-216-4445  Attorneys for Plaintiffs	ES DISTRICT CO	<b>MIDT</b>
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9	CENTRAL DIST	RICT OF CALIFO	JKNIA
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11	STEVEN RUPP, et al.,	Case No.: 8:17-cv	-00746-JLS-JDE
12	Plaintiffs,	PLAINTIFFS' ST	FATEMENT OF RTED FACTS AND
13	v.	CONCLUSIONS SUPPORT OF M	OF LAW IN
14	ROB BONTA, in his official capacity as Attorney General of the	SUMMARY JUD	GMENT
15	State of California,	Hearing Date:	July 28, 2023 10:30 a.m.
16	Defendant.	Hearing Time: Judge: Courtroom:	Josephine L. Staton 8A
17		[Filed concurrently	wwith Notice of Motion
18 19		for Summary Judg Points and Author	ment; Memorandum of ities; Request for Judicial ns of Sean A. Brady, en Dember, Cheryl her Seifert, Alfonso llis, Dennis Martin, and Proposed Judgment]
20		Notice; Declaration Steven Rupp, Steven Rupp, Christoph	ns of Sean A. Brady, en Dember, Cheryl per Seifert, Alfonso
21		Valencia, Troy Wi Richard Minnich:	llis, Dennis Martin, and Proposed Judgment
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	STATEMENT OF UNCONTROVE	RTED FACTS & C	ONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Plaintiffs Steven Rupp, Steven Dember, Cheryl Johnson, Michael Jones, Christopher Seifert, Alfonso Valencia, Troy Willis, Dennis Martin, and the California Rifle & Pistol Association, Incorporated, ("Plaintiffs") respectfully submit the following Statement of Uncontroverted Facts and Conclusions of Law pursuant to Local Rule 56-1.

## STATEMENT OF UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
1	Individual plaintiffs are residents of the State of California, save for Plaintiff Rupp, who now lives outside of California but regularly visits the state.	Willis Decl. ¶ 1; Dember Decl. ¶ 1; Martin Decl. ¶ 1; Rupp Decl. ¶ 1; Valencia Decl. ¶ 1; Johnson Decl. ¶ 1; Seifert Decl. ¶ 1.
2	Individual plaintiffs are lawabiding and are not prohibited from owning firearms under the laws of the United States or the State of California.	Willis Decl. ¶ 2; Dember Decl. ¶ 2; Martin Decl. ¶ 2; Rupp Decl. ¶ 2; Valencia Decl. ¶ 2; Johnson Decl. ¶ 2; Seifert Decl. ¶ 2.
3	All individual plaintiffs have never been found by any law enforcement agency, any court, or any other government agency to be irresponsible, unsafe, or negligent with firearms in any manner.	Willis Decl. ¶ 2; Dember Decl. ¶ 2; Martin Decl. ¶ 2; Rupp Decl. ¶ 2; Valencia Decl. ¶ 2; Johnson Decl. ¶ 2; Seifert Decl. ¶ 2.
4	Plaintiff Troy Willis is a retired reserve officer for the Indio Police Department.	Willis Decl. ¶ 2.
5	Plaintiffs Willis and Seifert each lawfully own a semiautomatic, centerfire rifle with a detachable magazine equipped with one or more prohibited features under the AWCA.	Willis Decl. ¶ 3; Seifert Decl. ¶ 3.

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
6	Plaintiff Dennis Martin lawfully owns a semiautomatic, centerfire rifle with a non-fixed magazine that he registered with the California Department of Justice as an "assault weapon."	Martin Decl. ¶ 3.
7	Plaintiff Martin is prohibited under the AWCA and its related regulations from replacing his firearm's "bullet button" with a standard magazine release, and but for these restrictions would immediately do so.	Martin Decl. ¶ 4.
8	Plaintiffs Willis, Martin, and Seifert are each prohibited under the AWCA from engaging in certain activities with their registered "assault weapons" that are otherwise lawful with any other firearm not classified as an "assault weapon," and but for these restrictions Plaintiffs Willis, Martin,, and would engage in such activities.	Willis Decl. ¶ 5; Martin Decl. ¶ 5; Seifert Decl. ¶ 4.
9	Plaintiff Steven Rupp owns a semiautomatic, centerfire rifle with a non-fixed magazine that he was forced to modify to ensure it was no longer considered an "assault weapon" and therefore lawful to possess in the State of California.	Rupp Decl. ¶ 3.
10	Plaintiffs Rupp and Seifert each lawfully own a frame or "lower receiver" of a firearm that they wish to assemble into fully	Seifert Decl. ¶ 5; Rupp Decl. ¶ 4.

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	<b>Supporting Evidence</b>
	functioning semiautomatic,	
	centerfire rifles with a detachable	
	magazine and either a pistol grip, flash suppressor, or adjustable	
	stock, or in a configuration that	
	has an overall length of less than	
	30 inches but more than 26	
	inches.	
11	Plaintiffs Rupp and Seifert are	Rupp Decl. ¶ 6; Seifert Decl. ¶ 7.
	concerned that if multiple intruders attack them while at	
	home, they will be required to	
	immediately reassemble their	
	firearm into such a configuration	
	to effectively protect themselves and others in their home.	
12	Plaintiffs Rupp and Seifert believe	Rupp Decl. ¶ 7; Seifert Decl. ¶ 8.
	that not being able to immediately assemble their frames or "lower	
	receivers" into such a	
	configuration will impact their	
	ability to effectively defend themselves and others in their	
	home.	
12	D1.''CC A1C X7.1'.	W.1'. D. 1 # 2. I.1 D. 1
13	Plaintiffs Alfonso Valencia, Steven Dember, and Cheryl	Valencia Decl. ¶ 3; Johnson Decl. Dember Decl. ¶ 3.
	Johnson each would like to	Democi Deci.    J.
	acquire a semiautomatic,	
	centerfire rifle with a detachable	
	magazine having one or more of the features that is prohibited by	
	the AWCA to keep in their home	
	for self-defense and other lawful	
	purposes, including hunting,	
	training, and recreation.	
14	Individual Plaintiffs will be	Willis Decl. ¶ 6; Martin Decl. ¶ 6;

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
	continuously and irreparably harmed by the ongoing deprivation of their individual, fundamental right to possess and use commonly possessed firearms for lawful purposes, including inhome self-defense, without risking criminal prosecution.	Rupp Decl. ¶ 8; Seifert Decl. ¶ 9.
15	Individual Plaintiffs would like to acquire new semiautomatic, centerfire rifles with a detachable magazine, having one or more of the features that is prohibited by the AWCA, and were it not for the AWCA and fear of prosecution for violating it, would do so.	Willis Decl. ¶ 7; Dember Decl. ¶¶ 3-Martin Decl. ¶ 7; Rupp Decl. ¶ 9; Valencia Decl. ¶¶ 3-4; Johnson Decl. ¶¶ 3-4; Seifert Decl. ¶ 10.
16	Individual Plaintiffs who lawfully own "assault weapons" or firearms they were forced to modify in accordance with the AWCA acquired their firearm for use in their home for self-defense and other lawful purposes such as hunting, training, and recreation.	Willis Decl. ¶ 4; Rupp Decl. ¶ 5; Seifert Decl. ¶ 6; Jones Decl. ¶ 4.
17	Richard Minnich is the Executive Director for Plaintiff California Rifle & Pistol Association, Incorporated ("CRPA")	Minnich Decl. ¶ 1.
18	Plaintiff CRPA is a non-profit membership and donor-supported organization classified under IRC section 501(c)(4) and incorporated under the laws of California with its headquarters in Fullerton, California.	Minnich Decl. ¶ 1.

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
19	Founded in 1875, CRPA seeks to defend the Second Amendment	Minnich Decl. ¶ 2.
	and advance laws that protect the	
	rights of individual citizens.	
20	Plaintiff CRPA Works to preserve	Minnich Decl. ¶ 2.
	the constitutional and statutory rights of gun ownership, including	
	the right to self-defense, the right	
	to hunt, and the right to keep and	
	bear arms.	
21	Plaintiff CRPA is dedicated to	Minnich Decl. ¶ 2.
	promoting the shooting sports, providing education, training, and	
	organized competition for adult	
	and junior shooters.	
22	Plaintiff CRPA's members	Minnich Decl. ¶ 2.
	include law enforcement officers, prosecutors, professionals,	
	firearms experts, and members of	
	the public.	
23	Plaintiff CRPA works to preserve	Minnich Decl. ¶ 3.
	the constitutional rights of all law-	
	abiding individuals, including the fundamental right to keep and	
	bear commonly owned firearms	
	for the core lawful purpose of self-defense.	
24	Plaintiff CRPA has members who own semiautomatic, centerfire	Minnich Decl. ¶ 4.
	rifles with non-fixed magazines	
	that were forced to register their	
	firearm as an "assault weapon" with the California Department of	
	Justice before July 1, 2018.	

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
25	Plaintiff CRPA has members who	Minnich Decl. ¶ 4.
	are prohibited under the AWCA and its related regulations from	
	replacing their firearm's "bullet	
	button" with a standard magazine	
	release, and but for those restrictions would do so.	
26	Plaintiff CRPA also has members	Minnigh Dool ¶5
20	who lawfully own semiautomatic,	Minnich Decl. ¶ 5.
	centerfire rifles with detachable	
	magazines with one or more prohibited features under the	
	AWCA, or firearms specifically	
	identified by their make and model as "assault weapons" under	
	the AWCA.	
27	Plaintiff CRPA has members who	Minnich Decl. ¶ 6.
	lawfully own firearms classified	II
	as "assault weapons" who are prohibited under the AWCA and	
	related regulations from engaging	
	in certain activities that are	
	otherwise lawful with any other firearm not classified as an	
	"assault weapon," and but for	
	those restrictions would engage in such activities with their firearms.	
20	Plaintiff CRPA has members	Minnigh Deal ¶7
28	who, but for the AWCA and its	Minnich Decl. ¶ 7.
	related regulations, would	
	acquire, transfer, and/or possess firearms classified as "assault	
	weapons," and are continuously	
	and irreparably harmed by the	
	ongoing deprivation of their individual, fundamental right to	
	possess and use commonly	

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
	possessed firearms for lawful purposes, including in-home self-defense, without risking criminal prosecution.	
29	Millions of rifles that are prohibited by the AWCA are in the hands of the American people.	Brady Decl., Ex. 2 [Expert Report V English]; Ex. 7 [Depo. Tr. B. Graha at 21:13-21, 25:9-15, 28:3-6; Exs. 1 25; Ex. 8 [DOJ Resp. to Seifert's Re for Admission, Set One] at 4; Ex. 10 [DOJ Second Suppl. Resp. to Willis Interrogs., Set One] at 8; Ex. 49 [English 2021 Report] at 2, 33-34; If 50 [NSSF Report on Rifles in Circulation]; Ex. 51 [Washington Po Survey on AR-15 ownership]; Ex. 53 [Expert Report M. Hanish] at 6; Ex.
30	Americans typically choose rifles prohibited by the AWCA for self-defense.	Brady Decl., Ex. 1 [Expert Report of B. Boone] at 5; Ex. 2 [Expert Report of S. Helsley] at 11-12; Exs. 28-29; 37; Ex. 59 [Minter Book Excerpts] 46-47; Ex. 53 [Expert Report M. Hanish] at 8; Ex. 49 [English 2021 Report] at 2, 33-34; Ex. 50 [NSSF Report on Rifles in Circulation]; Ex [Washington Post Survey on AR-15 ownership]
31	Americans typically choose rifles prohibited by the AWCA for hunting.	Brady Decl., Ex. 2 [Expert Report of W. English] at 4, 7; Ex. 3 [Expert Report of S. Helsley] at 11-12; Ex. 33; Ex. 49 [English 2021 Report] at 33-34; Ex. 50 [NSSF Report on Rift in Circulation]; Ex. 51 [Washington Post Survey on AR-15 ownership].

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
32	Americans typically choose rifles prohibited by the AWCA for competition.	Brady Decl., Ex. 2 [Expert Report of W. English] at 4; Ex. 3 Expert Report of S. Helsley] at 6; Ex. 22; Ex. 49 [English 2021 Report] at 2, 33-34; Expert of Single
33	Americans typically choose rifles prohibited by the AWCA for target shooting.	Brady Decl., Ex. 2 [Expert Report of W. English] at 4; Ex. 3 [Expert Report of S. Helsley] at 11-12; Ex. 22; Ex. 4 [English 2021 Report] at 2, 33-34; Estimate 150 [NSSF Report on Rifles in Circulation]; Ex. 51 [Washington Posurvey on AR-15 ownership].
34	The American public has had access to and has commonly owned semi-automatic, centerfire rifles with detachable magazines for more than a century.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report o Helsley] at 3-6.
35	The AR-15 has been available to the American public since at least 1959.	Brady Decl., Ex. 2 [Expert Report o W. English] at 3; Ex. 3 [Expert Report of S. Helsley] at 6.
36	The popularity of AR-15 type rifles has increased since its inception.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report o Helsley] at 11-12.
	Pistol Grips	
37	Rifles commonly come standard with a pistol grip.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 7; [Expert Report of W. English] at 3.
38	Pistol grips for rifles are commonly available aftermarket.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report o Helsley] at 11; Ex. 44.
39	Pistol grips do not affect a rifle's rate of fire.	Brady Decl.; Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 7-9.

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
40	[SUF 40 intentionally left blank.]	
41	Pistol grips do not affect a rifle's capacity to accept ammunition.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 7-9.
42	Pistol grips do not affect the power of the projectile a rifle discharge.	Brady Decl., Ex. 1 [Expert Report of B. Boone] at 5-7; Ex. 3 [Expert Report of S. Helsley] at 7-9.
43	Pistol grips are not dangerous per se.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 6-9.
44	The purpose of a pistol grip is to position the "trigger finger" for optimum trigger control and help absorb recoil.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 7.
45	Pistol grips allow a rifle to be used with one hand.	Brady Decl., Ex. 1 [Expert Report of B. Boone] at 12.
46	Pistol grips can accommodate a disabled person.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 9.
	Adjustable Stocks	
47	Rifles commonly come standard with an adjustable stock.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 10; [Expert Report of W. English] at 3.
48	Adjustable stocks for rifles are commonly available aftermarket.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 9; Ex. 45.
49	A "telescoping stock" allows the user of the rifle to adjust the length of a rifle a couple of inches as conditions dictate and has no material effect on the concealability of the rifle.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 10; Ex. 7 [Depo. Tr. B. Graham] at 81:2-19.
50	The purpose of a telescoping stock is to allow the user of a rifle to make it a comfortable length	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 10; [Depo. Tr. B. Graham

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
	for that user's body type or as conditions dictate.	at 94:1-4; 95:19-21.
51	People of different body sizes may need different length stocks to properly hold a rifle.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report o Helsley] at 9; Ex. 6 [Depo. Tr. M. Mersereau] at 37:2-11; [Depo. Tr. B Graham] at 95:19-21.
52	What clothing a person is wearing may affect what length stock that person needs to properly hold a rifle.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 9; [Depo. Tr. B. Graham 94:1-4.
	Flash Suppressors	
53	Rifles commonly come standard with a flash suppressor.	Brady Decl., Ex. 2 [Expert Report of W. English] at 3; Ex. 3 [Expert Report of S. Helsley] at 10-11.
54	Flash suppressors for rifles are commonly available aftermarket.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 11; Ex. 46.
55	Flash suppressors do not hide the flash from those in the direct line of fire, but rather from the shooter.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 10; Ex. 5 [Expert Report B. Graham] at 22, 28; Ex. 6 [Depo. M. Mersereau] at 56:14-18; Ex. 7 [Depo. Tr. B. Graham] at 103:15-20
56	Flash suppressors only have an effect in low-light conditions.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 10; Ex. 6 [Depo. Tr. M. Mersereau] at 56:3-6; [Depo. Tr. B. Graham] at 103:21-24.
	Features Generally	
57	None of the features is inherently dangerous.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 6; Ex. 7 [Depo. Tr. B. Graham] at 108:2-16.
58	None of the features becomes inherently dangerous when used in conjunction with any of the	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 6; Ex. 7 [Depo. Tr. B.

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
	other features.	Graham] at 108:2-16.
59	The features increase accuracy of	Brady Decl., Ex. 1 [Expert Report of J.
	the rifle.	B. Boone] at 8-12; Ex. 3 [Expert Report of S. Helsley] at 6-11, 12; Ex. 4
		[Expert Report of M. Mersereau] at 8-11; Ex. 5 [Expert Report of B. Graham
		at 19, 22, 26, 28; [Depo. Tr. B. Graham] at 119-123; 124:1-6.
<i>(</i> 0	The feeting in the second of t	-
60	The features increase user control of the rifle.	Brady Decl., Ex. 1 [Expert Report of J B. Boone] at 8-12; Ex. 3 [Expert
		Report of S. Helsley] at 6-11, 12; Ex. 4 [Expert Report of M. Mersereau] at 8-
		11; Ex. 5 [Expert Report of B. Graham
		at 19, 22, 26, 28; Ex. 6 [Depo. Tr. M. Mersereau] at 36:7-37:11; Ex. 7 [Depo.
		Tr. B. Graham] at 107:6-14, 108:2-16; [Depo. Tr. B. Graham] at 119-123;
		124:1-6.
61	The State's designated expert	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of F
	witness, Blake Graham, opined that the features increase accuracy	Graham] at 19, 22, 26, 28; Ex. 7 [Depote Tr. B. Graham] at 107:6-14, 108:2-16;
	and the user's control of the rifle.	[Depo. Tr. B. Graham] at 119-123; 124:1-6.
62	The State's designated expert witness, Michael Mersereau,	Brady Decl., Ex. 4 [Expert Report of M. Mersereau] at 8-11; Ex. 6 [Depo.
	opined that features increase accuracy and the user's control of	Tr. M. Mersereau] at 36:7-37:11.
	the rifle.	
	"Assault Weapon" Laws	
63	California's Assault Weapon	Assemb. B. 357, 1989-1990 Reg. Sess (Cal. 1989); Brady Decl., Ex. 48.
	Control Act was adopted in 1989 and was the first "assault weapon"	(2 2.05), 2.uuj 2.001, 2.ii. 10.
	law in the country.	

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
64	The federal "assault weapon" law took effect in 1994.	Req. Jud. Ntc., ¶ 8, Ex. 8.
65	Congress allowed the federal "assault weapon" law to expire in 2004.	Req. Jud. Ntc., ¶ 8, Ex. 8.
66	Federal law does not currently restrict "assault weapons."	Req. Jud. Ntc., ¶ 8, Ex. 8.
67	Currently, other than California, there are nine states in the country with an "assault weapon" law, plus the District of Columbia.	Req. Jud. Ntc., Exs. 1-11.
68	Every "assault weapon" law in the country other than California's was originally adopted in the 1990s or later, including three just passed in the last year.	Req. Jud. Ntc., Exs. 1-7 (Conn. Gen. Stat. §§53-202a – 53-202k (first enacted in 1993); D.C. Code Ann. §§ 2501.01(3A), 7-2502.02 (a)(6) (enactin 2008); Haw. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§ 131, 134-8 (first enacted in 1992); Md. Code Ann., Crim. Law §§ 4-301, 4-3 (first enacted in 2002); N.J. Stat. Anr. §§ 2C:39-1w, 2C:39-3 (first enacted 1999); N.Y. Penal Law §§ 265.00(22 265.02(7) (first enacted in 1998); De. Code Ann. tit. 11, § 1466 (first enacted 2022); 720 Ill. Comp. Stat. Ann. 5/24 1.9 (first enacted in 2023); Wash. Re. Code Ann. § 9.41.010 (first enacted in 2023))
69	The United States government, through the Director of Civilian Marksmanship, used to operate a program that would sell semiautomatic, centerfire rifles with detachable magazines directly to the public, including some rifles that would be considered "assault weapons" under the AWCA.	Brady Decl., Ex. 3 [Expert Report of Helsley] at 5; Exs. 16, 42, 43.
70	Nationally, in 2019, only about 2.6% of murders (364 out of	Brady Decl. Ex. 60 [FBI Crime Data

No.	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	Supporting Evidence
	13,927) were confirmed to have	
	been committed with <i>any</i> type of	
	rifle, which is below murders using knives (1,476), blunt objects	
	(397), and "hands, fists, and feet"	
	(600), and way below murders using handguns (6,368).	
71	All US soldiers and marines who carry assault rifles are armed with	Brady Decl., Ex. 52 [Depo. Col. Tucker] at 68:11-15.
	assault rifles that have automatic	Tucker at 00.11 13.
	capability, and not only semiautomatic capability.	
72	No military anywhere in the world (with the <i>possible</i> exception	Brady Decl., Ex. 52 [Depo. Col. Tucker] at 69:7-12.
	of Israel) employs semiautomatic-	1 uckerj at 09.7-12.
	only rifles like the ones that the	
	AWCA bans for infantry.	
ated:	May 26, 2023	MICHEL & ASSOCIATES, P
		/s/ Sean A. Brady
		Sean A. Brady
		Attorneys for Plaintiffs
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1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 2 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 3 Case Name: Rupp, et al. v. Bonta 4 Case No.: 8:17-cy-00746-JLS-JDE 5 IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED THAT: 6 I, the undersigned, am a citizen of the United States and am at least eighteen 7 years of age. My business address is 180 East Ocean Boulevard, Suite 200, Long Beach, California 90802. 8 I am not a party to the above-entitled action. I have caused service of: 9 STATEMENT OF UNCONTROVERTED FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS 10 OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION 11 FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT 12 on the following party by electronically filing the foregoing with the Clerk of the District Court using its ECF System, which electronically notifies them. 13 14 Xavier Becerra Attorney General of California 15 Anna Ferrari Deputy Attorney General 16 Email: anna.ferrari@doj.ca.gov Christina R.B. Lopez 17 Email: christina.lopez@doj.ca.gov 18 John D. Echeverria Email: john.echeverria@doj.ca.gov 19 455 Golden Gate Ave.. Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102 20 21 I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. 22 Executed May 26, 2023. Laura Palmerin 23 24 25 26 27 28

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE